

Cosmetic and Reconstructive Procedures Corporate Medical Policy

File Name: Cosmetic and Reconstructive Procedures

File Code: UM.SURG.02 Last Review: 08/2017 Next Review: 08/2018 Effective Date: 08/01/2018

Description/Summary

The term, "cosmetic and reconstructive procedures" includes procedures ranging from purely cosmetic to purely reconstructive. Benefit application has the potential to be confusing to members because there is an area of overlap where cosmetic procedures may have a reconstructive component and reconstructive procedures may have a cosmetic component. These procedures are categorized and benefits are authorized based upon the fundamental purpose of the procedure. The American Medical Association and the American Society of Plastic Surgeons have agreed upon the following definitions:

- Cosmetic procedures are those that are performed to reshape normal structures of the body in order to improve the patient's appearance and self- esteem.
- Reconstructive procedures are those procedures performed on abnormal structures of the body, caused by congenital defects, developmental abnormalities, trauma, infection, tumors or disease. It is generally performed to improve function, but may also be done to approximate a normal appearance.

In order to be considered medically necessary, the goal of reconstructive surgery must be to correct an abnormality in order to restore physiological function to the extent possible. As such, for reconstructive surgery to be considered medically necessary there must be a reasonable expectation that the procedure will improve the functional impairment. A procedure is considered cosmetic if the only desired and/or expected benefits would be emotional or psychological, unless to repair genetic defect.

Requests for procedures listed in this policy should be accompanied by the following documentation:

- The name and date of the proposed surgery
- Preoperative photographs, if appropriate and illustrative
- Date of accident or injury, if applicable
- History of present illness and/or conditions including diagnoses

Page 1 of 25

- Documentation of functional impairment, pain or significant anatomic variance
- How the treatment can be reasonably expected to improve the functional impairment
- If applicable, the description of and CPT® coding for planned staged procedures following acute repair or initial primary repair
- Any additional information listed as indicated for the specific procedures listed below

If the intended service relates to gender reassignment services, please refer to the BCBSVT "Transgender Services" medical policy.

If the intended surgery relates to the breast, please refer to the BCBSVT "Breast Surgery" medical policy.

Policy

Coding Information

Click the links below for attachments, coding tables & instructions.

Attachment I - Coding Table

General Guidelines

Correction to Complications of a Cosmetic Procedure: BCBSVT will review procedures intended for correcting complications from a cosmetic procedure, whether the original procedure was medically necessary or a non-covered service. In order for these corrections to be considered medically necessary the subsequent surgery needs to be reconstructive in nature. We consider complications arising from a non-covered service as well as from a medically necessary service when the treatment of the complication itself is **medically necessary**. The purpose of the surgery should generally be performed to improve function, but may also be done to approximate normal appearance.

Congenital Deformities in Children: We consider procedures to correct congenital and developmental deformities in children **medically necessary** when defects are severe or debilitating. These include cleft lip, cleft palate or both, deforming hemangiomas, pectus excavatum and others. See policy for further specifics on each body part. To receive benefits, the patient does not need to have been covered under BCBSVT at time of birth.

EYES

Blepharoplasty (CPT® codes 15820-15823), **Blepharoptosis** (CPT® codes 67900-67911) and **Brow Ptosis Repair** (67900 - 67904, 67906, 67908) - surgery of the eyelid and/or eyebrow and forehead.

Additional Documentation Required:

- Automated visual field study comparing taped to un-taped visual fields, including interpretation and report.
- Preoperative photographs -- one full-frontal view with patient looking directly at

Page 2 of 25

the camera and one view each of the eyes only looking upward and downward. If a combination of blepharoplasty and brow ptosis repair is requested, a photograph with forehead manually lifted to demonstrate that brow ptosis repair alone will not resolve the visual impairment.

- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for any of the following:
 - 25 % documented reduction of un-taped superior visual field in either eye compared to taped visual field.
 - Frontal photograph noting 50% coverage of pupil by upper eyelid.
 - For brow ptosis repair, frontal photograph showing eyebrow below the upper orbital rim.

Note: Approval will be for a bilateral upper lids if both eyes meet criteria.

- * We consider blepharoplasty **not medically necessary** when the above criteria is not met
- * We consider the following procedure cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion:
 - Blepharoplasty (CPT® codes 15820 & 15821) for lower lids due to blepharochalasis.
 - Blepharoplasty and blepharoptosis when performed only to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.

Lateral Canthopexy (CPT® code 21282)

- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - As a part of facial reconstruction after accidental injury, trauma, disease (e.g. infection) or congenital anomaly.
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic** and therefore not covered as a benefit **exclusion** when completed for the following reasons:
 - To fix eyelids that droop or sag due to sun damage.
 - To fix eyelids that droop or sag due to aging.

HEAD

Malar augmentation, with prosthetic material (CPT® code 21270)

Additional Documentation Required:

- History of present illness and history and physical report demonstrating physical impairment caused by disease, trauma, and/or congenital defect.
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - Part of facial reconstruction after accidental injury, trauma or disease (e.g. infection, tumor of the face).
 - To correct a significant congenital anomaly.
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** for all other indications.

Orthognathic Procedures (CPT[®] codes 21127, 21137-21139, 21141-21160, 21206-21209)

* For procedures related to TMJ, please refer to the BCBSVT medical policy on TMJ. For procedures related to obstructive sleep apnea please refer to the BCBSVT medical

Page 3 of 25

policy on Sleep Disorders Diagnosis and Treatment.

Additional Documentation Required:

- History of present illness and history and physical report demonstrating physical impairment caused by disease, trauma, and/or congenital defect.
- Pictures and x-rays illustrating the deformity, both frontal and profile
- Additionally, for those under 18 years of age, one of the following must be submitted as evidence of puberty completion.*
 - * Evidence of puberty completion:
 - Documented tanner stage IV or V for members aged 15-18, and
 - Stable height measurements for 6 months, or
 - Puberty completion as shown on wrist radiograph.
- * We consider the orthognathic procedures medically necessary for the following:
 - Prognathism or micrognathism with documented severe handicapping malocclusion with any of the following:
 - Deep impinging overbite with severe soft tissue damage
 - Impacted permanent anterior teeth
 - Class III malocclusion
 - Overjet of at least 4.00mm
 - Overbite of at least 2.00 mm
 - Difficulty chewing or biting food
 - Difficulty swallowing
 - Open bite (space between the upper and lower teeth when the mouth is closed)
 - Inability to make lips meet without straining
 - Severe mandibular atrophy
 - Diagnosis of Crouzon's syndrome
 - Diagnosis of Treacher Collins' dysostosis
 - Diagnosis of Romberg's Disease with severe facial deformity
 - Other significant cranio-facial abnormalities related to structure and growth or trauma that include:
 - Cleft palate deformities
 - Other birth defects
 - Severe traumatic deviations causing severe handicapping malocclusion referenced above.
 - LeFort osteotomy for any of the following may be used alone or in combination with other orthognathic procedures:
 - Correction of midface deformities due to trauma or congenital anomalies
 - Treatment of Class II and Class III malocclusions
- * We consider a the orthognathic procedure **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** for the following:
 - In the absence of severe handicapping malocclusion,
 - Trauma.
 - Congenital anomaly,
 - Intended to reshape normal structures of the body in order to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.
- * We consider mentoplasty/genioplasty (CPT® codes 21120- 21125) for familial chin deformities or "weak chin" cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion.

* Orthodontics, including orthodontics performed as adjunct to orthognathic surgery are not covered as they are a benefit exclusion even if the orthognathic surgery itself is considered medically necessary.

Otoplasty - Reconstruction of external auditory canal (69300, 69310, 69320 & 69399) Documentation Required:

- History and physical examination
- Photographs
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - Surgically correctable congenital malformation, trauma, surgery, infection, or other process that is causing hearing loss. [Audiogram must demonstrate a loss of at least 15 decibels in the affected ear(s).
 - To restore a significantly abnormal external ear or auditory canal related to trauma, tumor, surgery, infection, or congenital malformation (e.g. atresia).
 - Congenital absence (anotia) or underdevelopment of the external ear (microtia).
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** for all other indications, including the following (not an all-inclusive list):
 - Keloids and/or clefts.
 - To reshape the ear due to consequences of ear piercing or ear gauging in the absence of significant physical dysfunction.
 - "Lop ears" or protruding ears.

Rhinoplasty/Septorhinoplasty (CPT® codes 30120, 30400, 30410, 30420, 30430, 30450, 30460, 30462, 30520, 30620, 30630) - surgery of the nose.

Additional Documentation Required

- History of present illness and history and physical report.
- Preoperative photographs -- one frontal view, one profile one view with head held back.
- Date of previous surgery, if applicable.
- Date of accident or injury, if applicable.
- Name & location of the treating physician at the time of accident.
- Emergency room or office records, including x-ray or x-ray reports, if available and applicable.
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - Airway obstruction from deformities due to disease, congenital abnormality, or trauma that will not or would not be expected to respond to medication therapy and will not respond to septoplasty alone, or
 - Immediate or planned-staged reconstruction following trauma, tumor, surgery or infection of the nose.
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic** and therefore not covered as a benefit **exclusion** for the following:
 - To reshape a functional nose in the absence of airway obstruction from deformities due to disease, congenital abnormality, previous therapy or trauma that will not or would not be expected to respond to medication therapy and will not respond to septoplasty alone and performed only to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.
 - To reshape the nose related to consequences of nose piercing or nose gauging.

Page **5** of **25**

• To reshape the nose due to rhinopyma.

SKIN

Bio-engineered Skin and Soft Tissue Substitutes (e.g. Hyalomatrix, AlloDerm, Apligraf, Epicel, etc.)

See separate BCBSVT medical policy Bio-Engineered Skin and Soft Tissue Substitutes.

Chemical Peels (CPT® codes 15788, 15789, 15792, 15793, 17360) procedures utilizing various chemical or freezing agents (e.g. carbon dioxide slush or liquid nitrogen).

See separate BCBSVT medical policy Chemical Peels.

Cryotherapy for the Treatment of Acne Vulgaris (CPT® codes 17340):

Additional Documentation Required

- History of present illness and history and physical report.
- Photograph demonstrating affected area.
- * We consider the procedure medically necessary when both of the following are met:
 - Active acne.
 - Documented evidence of failure of a trial of topical retinoid treatment, topical antibiotic therapy, and oral antibiotic therapy.
- * We consider the procedure **not medically necessary** when there has not been a trial of topical retinoid treatment, topical antibiotic therapy, and oral antibiotic therapy.
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** for the following:
 - In the absence of active acne.
 - To remove acne scaring to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.

Dermabrasion (CPT® codes 15780 -15783) - Surgical procedure for removal of scars on the skin by using sandpaper or mechanical methods on the frozen epidermis. Additional Documentation Required:

- History of present illness and history and physical report.
- Date of accident or injury, if applicable.
- Photograph demonstrating affected area.
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for any of the following:
 - Restoration following previous injury or surgery with severe disfigurement or functional and physiological impairment.
 - Documented evidence of 10 or more superficial basal cell carcinomas, actinic keratoses, or other pre-malignant skin lesions that have failed topical retinoid treatment, topical chemotherapeutic agents, and cryotherapy.
- * We consider the procedure **not medically necessary** for the treatment of all other conditions.
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and not a covered benefit** to treat the following:
 - Scarring from acne vulgaris
 - Skin wrinkling
 - Rhinophyma

Page 6 of 25

Tattoo Removal

Laser Treatment of Port Wine Stains/Deforming Hemangiomas (CPT® codes 17106 to 17108)

See separate BCBSVT medical policy "Laser Treatment of Port Wine Stains."

Light Therapy for Psoriasis (CPT® codes 96900, 96912, 96920, 96921, 96922; HCPCS code J8999)

See separate BCBSVT medical policy "Light Therapy for Psoriasis."

Light Therapy for Vitiligo (CPT® 96912 and 96999)

See separate the BCBSVT medical policy "Light Therapy for Vitiligo."

Photodynamic Therapy: Dermatological Applications (CPT® code 96567; HCPCS codes J7308) - for the treatments of actinic keratosis, carcinomas of the skin and acne vulgaris

See separate the BCBSVT medical policy "Dermatologic Applications of Photodynamic Therapy."

Removal of Benign Skin Lesions (e.g. skin tags and warts) (CPT® codes 11200, 11201, 11300 -11303, 11305 -11313, 11400 -11404, 11406, 11420 -11424, 11426, 11440 -11444, 11446, 17000, 17003, 17004, 17110, 17111)

- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - When there is documentation of functional impairment or pain and the expectation that treatment can be reasonably expected to improve the impairment
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** for the following:
 - In the absence of any functional impairment, pain, or expectation that treatment can be reasonably expected to improve the impairment

Rosacea: Non-pharmacological Treatments (CPT® codes 15780 - 15783, 15788 - 15793, 17106 - 17108, 30117, 30118)

See separate BCBSVT medical policy "Non-pharmacologic Treatment of Rosacea."

Scar and Keloid Revision (CPT® codes 17110, 17111)

Additional Documentation Required:

- History of present illness and history and physical report
- Preoperative photograph
- Date of accident or injury, if applicable
- Description of and CPT® coding for planned staged procedure following acute repair, within two years of previous stage or initial primary repair.
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - To treat functional impairment or pain with the expectation that treatment can be reasonably expected to improve the impairment.
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic** and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion for the following:
 - In the absence of any functional impairment, pain, or expectation that treatment

Page **7** of **25**

- can be reasonably expected to improve the impairment.
- To correct any consequences related to piercing or gauging.

Tattooing of the Skin (CPT® codes 11920, 11921 & 11922)

Additional Documentation Required

- Clinical statement indicating tattooing is in conjunction with medically necessary procedures (e.g. nipple reconstruction post mastectomy)
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** with approval of primary procedure (e.g. breast reconstruction following mastectomy)
- * We consider the following cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion:
 - Placement, removal or coverage of decorative tattoos.
 - Tattooing of the skin for color differential as a result of vitiligo.
- *No PA is required for tattooing of the skin for breast reconstruction when submitted with a diagnosis of breast cancer. Refer to separate BCBSVT medical policy for Breast Surgery.

Ultraviolet Light Systems for Home Use (HCPCS codes E0691- E0694)

- * We consider light box therapy for ultraviolet light A (UVA) and ultraviolet light B (UVB) medically necessary when all of the following are met:
 - When there is psoriasis defined as more than 5% of the body surface area affected.
 - Condition is considered a refractory disease, defined as failure of adequate trials of topical regimens (unmanageable or resistant to treatment).
 - Member requires ultraviolet light treatments at least 3 times a week and has
 demonstrated some improvement with initial treatment in either the provider's
 office or facility, for the previous two months
- * We consider the use of home-based psoralens with Ultraviolet light A (PUVA) **not medically necessary.**
- * We consider light box therapy for the treatment of vitiligo cosmetic and not a covered benefit

TORSO

Panniculectomy, Abdominoplasty (CPT® code 15830 & 15847) - removal of fatty tissue

Additional Documentation Required:

- History of present illness and physical examination including weight values for the last six months
- Pre-operative photographs -- one full-body anterior photograph of the patient standing straight and one photograph of the abdominal fold, raised to document any reported skin changes, e.g., dermatitis ulceration, and one lateral photograph
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** when:
 - Panniculus hangs below the level of pubis, and
 - Documented weight loss is greater than 100 lbs or reduction of BMI to 16.2 (equivalent to 100 lbs in an individual of 5'6" height) or greater, or has reached a body mass index (BMI) of <30, and

Page **8** of **25**

- Weight is stable for a period in excess of six months and, if weight loss is due to bariatric surgery, member is at least 18 months post-operative, and
- Evidence of either a significant functional impairment such as difficulty with ambulation, activities of daily living, or initiation of a fitness program to sustain weight loss or of chronic skin rashes, local infection, cellulitis, or ulcers that does not respond to conventional treatment for a period of 3 months
- * We consider abdominoplasty and panniculectomy **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** when performed in the absence of any functional impairment and intended just to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.

Pectus Excavatum or Pectus Carinatum Repair (CPT® Code 21740, 21742, 21743) is the reconstruction / repair of chest wall deformity in children up to 18 years old. Additional Documentation Required:

- History and physical examination
- Frontal and side photographs of chest
- Statement from physician delineating cardiovascular and pulmonary risk
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for any of the following:
 - A Haller index of 3.2 or greater (which is suggested to be a future predictor of cardiovascular compromise) for pectus excavatum.
 - When based upon the requesting physician's clinical judgement the magnitude of the deformity places the patient at risk of impending cardiovascular or respiratory compromise.
 - To correct chest deformities resulting from trauma, infection or disease
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic** and not a **covered benefit** when performed in the absence of any functional impairment and intended just to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.

OTHER

Collagen Injections (CPT® codes 11950 - 11954 & 11960) - subcutaneous injection of filling material to restore physiologic function Additional Documentation Required

- History of present illness and history and physical report demonstrating physical impairment caused by disease, trauma, and/or congenital defect
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - Documented evidence of significant functional impairment and the expected functional improvement following correction of a physical impairment caused by disease, trauma, and/or congenital defect
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and therefore not a covered benefit** when performed in the absence of any functional impairment and intended just to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem.

Lipectomy- the excision of a mass of subcutaneous adipose tissue from the body.

- * We consider the following procedures **cosmetic and therefore not covered as a benefit exclusion** for the following:
 - Low-level laser (cold laser) therapy (e.g. Zerona).
 - Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue for any part of the body (CPT®)

Page **9** of **25**

- codes 15830-15839 & 15847).
- Suction assisted lipectomy (liposuction) (CPT® codes 15876 15879) as a primary procedure *Note: suction assisted lipectomy may be eligible for benefits under individual consideration as an adjunct to an authorized reconstructive procedure.

Testicular Prosthesis Insertion (CPT® 54660) - insertion of a prosthesis to replace a testicle due to congenital absence or surgical removal. Documentation Required:

- Clinical statement by physician that testicle was either congenitally absent or was surgically removed (due to disease or trauma)
- Date and nature of proposed surgery
- * We consider the procedure **medically necessary** for the following:
 - Insertion of a testicular prosthesis may be considered medically necessary due to congenital or acquired absence of a testicle

Procedures related to Genitalia

If the intended service relates to gender reassignment services, please refer to the BCBSVT Transgender Services medical policy.

- Vaginoplasty (57335)- reconstruction or rejuvenation of the vagina
- Clitoroplasty (56805) reconstruction or reduction of the clitoris
- Labiaplasty- reconstruction or reduction of the labia
- Vulvectomy (56625) removal of part or all of the vulva
- Vulvoplasty reconstruction of the vulva
- Phalloplasty penis lengthening surgery
- Scrotoplasty (55175, 55180)- surgery to the scrotal sack following:
 - A congenital anomaly is present
 - With a medical diagnosis of cancer affecting the area
 - The area is affected by severe infection and/or trauma or causing severe functional impairment- The request must include documented evidence of significant functional impairment and the expected functional improvement following correction of physical impairment
- * We consider the procedure **cosmetic and therefore a non-covered as a benefit exclusion** when the above medically necessary criteria is not met and the procedure is performed in order to improve the patient's appearance and self-esteem. This includes penis lengthening or labia clipping.

COSMETIC EXCLUSIONS

Cosmetic procedures are a specific exclusion under the subscriber's contract.

- * The following is a list that includes, but is not limited to, procedures that are considered **cosmetic and therefore non-covered services**:
 - Rhytidectomy for the signs of aging
 - Hair transplants
 - Diastasis Recti correction surgery to correct a separation of the lower abdominal muscles in the midline
 - Ear or Body Piercing ear and body piercing are considered cosmetic and not

Page 10 of 25

- medically necessary for all reasons
- Hair Procedures Hair transplant for alopecia (including male pattern alopecia) or hair removal (temporary or permanent) for all indications.
- Laser treatment of telangiectasia.

Reference Resources

- 1. Aldave AJ, Maus M, Rubin PA. Advances in the management of lower eyelid retraction. Facial Plast Surg. 1999; 15(3):213-224.
- 2. Alerić Z, Bauer V. Skin growths of the head and neck region in elderly patients--analysis of two fiveyear periods in General Hospital Karlovac, Croatia. Coll Antropol. 2011; 35 Suppl 2:195-198.
- 3. Beers MH, Jones TV, Berkwitz M, et al., eds. Skin cancers: Premalignant lesions. In: The Merck Manual of Geriatrics. 3rd ed. Sec. 15, Ch. 125. White House Station, NJ: Merck & Co.; 2000.
- 4. Biesman BS. Blepharoplasty. Semin Cutan Med Surg. 1999; 18(2):129-138.
- 5. Boboridis K, Assi A, Indar A, et al. Repeatability and reproducibility of upper eyelid measurements. Br J Ophthalmol. 2001; 85(1):99-101.
- 6. Buchanan, EP and Hyman, CH. LeFort I Osteotomy. Seminars in Plastic Curgery. 2013 Aug: 27(3): 149-154.
- 7. Castro E, Foster JA. Upper lid blepharoplasty. Facial Plast Surg. 1999; 15(3):173-178.Am. 2005; 38(5):921-946.
- 8. Federici TJ, Meyer DR, Lininger LL. Correlation of the vision-related functional impairment associated with blepharoptosis and the impact of blepharoptosis surgery. Ophthalmology. 1999; 106(9):1705-1712.
- 9. Feldman SR, Fleischer AB Jr. Progression of actinic keratosis to squamous cell carcinoma revisited: clinical and treatment implications. Cutis. 201; 87(4):201-207.
- 10. Fung S, Malhotra R, Selva D. Thyroid orbitopathy. Aust Fam Physician. 2003; 32(8):615-620.
- 11. Hoenig JA. Comprehensive management of eyebrow and forehead ptosis. Otolaryngol Clin North Am. 2005; 38(5):947-984.
- 12. Karesh JW. Blepharoplasty: an overview. Atlas Oral Maxillofac Surg Clin North Am. 1998; 6(2):87-109.
- 13. Lanssens S, Ongenae K. Dermatologic lesions and risk for cancer. Acta Clin Belg. 2011; 66(3):177- 185.
- 14. MedlinePlus.Rhinophyma.https://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/ency/article/001 037.htm. June 20, 2016.
- 15. Meyer DR, Linberg JV, Powell SR, Odom JV. Quantitating the superior visual field loss associated with ptosis. Arch Ophthalmol. 1989; 107(6):840-843.
- 16. Meyer DR, Stern JH, Jarvis JM, Lininger LL. Evaluating the visual field effects of blepharoptosis using automated static perimetry. Ophthalmology. 1993; 100(5):651-658.
- 17. Mullins JB, Holds JB, Branham GH, Thomas JR. Complications of the transconjunctival approach: a review of 400 cases. Arch Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg. 1997; 123(4):385-388.
- 18. Park, JU and Baik, SH. Classification of Angle Class III malocclusion and its treatment modalities. Int J Adult Orthod Orthognath Surg, 2001; 1 (1) 19-29.
- 19. Patel BC. Surgical management of essential blepharospasm. Otolaryngol Clin North

Page 11 of 25

- Am. 2005; 38(5):1075-1098.
- 20. Rigel DS, Stein Gold LF. The importance of early diagnosis and treatment of actinic keratosis. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2013; 68(1 Suppl 1):S20-27.
- 21. Rizk SS, Matarasso A. Lower lid blepharoplasty: analysis of indications and the treatment of 100 patients. Plast Reconstruc Surg. 2003; 111(3):1299-1306.
- 22. Sabiston DC Jr. Textbook of Surgery: The Biological Basis of Modern Surgical Practice. 15th ed., (Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders, Co., 1997), PP. 1326 & 1327.
- 23. Sakol PJ, Mannor G, Massaro BM. Congenital and acquired blepharoptosis. Curr Opin Ophthalmol. 1999; 10(5):335-339.
- 24. Small RG, Meyer DR. Eyelid metrics. Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg. 2004; 20(4):266-267.
- 25. Small RG, Sabates NR, Burrows D. The measurement and definition of ptosis. Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg. 1989; 5(3):171-175.
- 26. Tannous ZS, Mihm MC Jr, Sober AJ, Duncan LM. Congenital melanocytic nevi: clinical and histopathologic features, risk of melanoma, and clinical management. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2005;52(2):197-203.

Related Policies

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Transgender Services

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Breast Surgery

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Dermatologic Applications of Photodynamic Therapy

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ) Disease

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Sleep Disorders Diagnosis and Treatment

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Bioengineered Skin and Soft Tissue Substitutes

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Chemical Peels

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Laser Treatment of Port Wine Stains

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Light Therapy for Psoriasis

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Light Therapy for Vitiligo

BCBSVT Medical Policy on Non-Pharmacologic Treatment of Rosacea

Document Precedence

Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Vermont (BCBSVT) Medical Policies are developed to provide clinical guidance and are based on research of current medical literature and review of common medical practices in the treatment and diagnosis of disease. The applicable group/individual contract and member certificate language, or employer's benefit plan if an ASO group, determines benefits that are in effect at the time of service. Since medical practices and knowledge are constantly evolving, BCBSVT reserves the right to review and revise its medical policies periodically. To the extent that there may be any conflict between medical policy and contract/employer benefit plan language, the member's contract/employer benefit plan language takes precedence.

Audit Information

BCBSVT reserves the right to conduct audits on any provider and/or facility to ensure compliance with the guidelines stated in the medical policy. If an audit identifies instances of non-compliance with this medical policy, BCBSVT reserves the right to

Page 12 of 25

recoup all non-compliant payments.

Administrative and Contractual Guidance

Benefit Determination Guidance

Prior approval is required and benefits are subject to all terms, limitations and conditions of the subscriber contract.

An approved referral authorization for members of the New England Health Plan (NEHP) is required. A prior approval for Access Blue New England (ABNE) members is required. NEHP/ABNE members may have different benefits for services listed in this policy. To confirm benefits, please contact the customer service department at the member's health plan.

Federal Employee Program (FEP): Members may have different benefits that apply. For further information please contact FEP customer service or refer to the FEP Service Benefit Plan Brochure. It is important to verify the member's benefits prior to providing the service to determine if benefits are available or if there is a specific exclusion in the member's benefit.

Coverage varies according to the member's group or individual contract. Not all groups are required to follow the Vermont legislative mandates. Member Contract language takes precedence over medical policy when there is a conflict.

If the member receives benefits through an Administrative Services Only (ASO) group, benefits may vary or not apply. To verify benefit information, please refer to the member's employer benefit plan documents or contact the customer service department. Language in the employer benefit plan documents takes precedence over medical policy when there is a conflict.

Policy Implementation/Update information

06/2016	Updated sections. New criteria added. CPT®s embedded within each section. References updated. Breast surgery removed and a new policy for breast surgery has been created.
08/2017	Added coding table to align with codes contained within the medical policy. Added related policies Policy statement remained unchanged.

Eligible providers

Qualified healthcare professionals practicing within the scope of their license(s).

Page 13 of 25

Approved by BCBSVT Medical Directors

Date Approved

Gabrielle Bercy-Roberson, MD, MPH, MBA Senior Medical Director Chair, Health Policy Committee

Joshua Plavin, MD, MPH, MBA Chief Medical Officer

Attachment I Coding Table

6 1			
Code Type	Number	Brief Description	Policy Instructions
Турс	Humber	Brief Bescription	1 oney matractions
The follo	owing code	es will be considered as medically ne	ecessary when applicable
		criteria have been met.	
		Removal of skin tags, multiple	
CDT®	44200	fibrocutaneous tags, any area; up	
CPT®	11200	to and including 15 lesions	
		Removal of skin tags, multiple	
		fibrocutaneous tags, any area;	
		each additional 10 lesions, or part	
		thereof (List separately in	
CDT®	14204	addition to code for primary	
CPT®	11201	procedure)	
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesions, single lesion, trunk, arms	
CPT®	11300	or legs; lesion diameter 0.5cm or	
CPT®	11300	less	
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesions, single lesion, trunk, arms	
CPT®	11301	or legs; lesion diameter 0.6 to 1.0	
CPT®	11301	cm Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesions, single lesion, trunk, arms	
		or legs; lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0	
CPT®	11302	cm	
CFT	11302	Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesions, single lesion, trunk, arms	
		or legs; lesion diameter over 2.0	
CPT®	11303	cm	
Ci i	11303	Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
CPT®	11305	lesion, single lesion, scalp, neck,	
	11303	asion, single asion, scup, neck,	

Page 14 of 25

		hands, feet, genitalia; lesion	
		diameter 0.5 cm or less	
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesion, single lesion, scalp, neck,	
		hands, feet, genitalia; lesion	
CPT®	11306	diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm	
CFT	11300		
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesion, single lesion, scalp, neck,	
55 -5	4.4207	hands, feet, genitalia; lesion	
CPT®	11307	diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm	
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesion, single lesion, scalp, neck,	
		hands, feet, genitalia; lesion	
CPT®	11308	diameter over 2.0 cm	
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesion, single lesion, face, ears,	
		eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
		membrane; lesion diameter 0.5	
CPT®	11310	cm or less	
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesion, single lesion, face, ears,	
		eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
		membrane; lesion diameter 0.6 to	
CPT®	11311	1.0 cm	
<u> </u>	11311	Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		· ·	
		lesion, single lesion, face, ears,	
		eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
CPT®	11312	membrane; lesion diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm	
CPT®	11312		
		Shaving of epidermal or dermal	
		lesion, single lesion, face, ears,	
		eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
		membrane; lesion diameter over	
CPT®	11313	2.0 cm	
		Excision, benign lesion including	
		margins, except skin tag (unless	
		listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or	
		legs; excised diameter 0.5 cm or	
CPT®	11400	less	
		Excision, benign lesion including	
		margins, except skin tag (unless	
		listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or	
		legs; excised diameter 0.6 to 1.0	
CPT®	11401	cm	
		Excision, benign lesion including	
		margins, except skin tag (unless	
		listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or	
		legs; excised diameter 1.1 to 2.0	
CPT®	11402	1	
CFI	11402	cm	

Page 15 of 25 Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

Excision, benign lesion including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm Excision, benign lesion including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm CPT® 11404 cm
listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm Excision, benign lesion including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
CPT® 11403 legs; excised diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm Excision, benign lesion including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
CPT® 11403 cm Excision, benign lesion including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
Excision, benign lesion including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
legs; excised diameter 3.1 to 4.0
CPI® 11404 CM
<u> </u>
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), trunk, arms or
legs; excised diameter over 4.0
CPT® 11406 cm
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), scalp, neck,
hands, feet, genitalia; excised
CPT® 11420 diameter 0.5 cm or less
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), scalp, neck,
hands, feet, genitalia; excised
CPT® 11421 diameter 0.6 to 1.0 cm
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), scalp, neck,
hands, feet, genitalia; excised
CPT® 11422 diameter 1.1 to 2.0 cm
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), scalp, neck,
hands, feet, genitalia; excised
CPT® 11423 diameter 2.1 to 3.0 cm
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), scalp, neck,
hands, feet, genitalia; excised
CPT® 11424 diameter 3.1 to 4.0 cm
Excision, benign lesion including
margins, except skin tag (unless
listed elsewhere), scalp, neck,
hands, feet, genitalia; excised
CPT® 11426 diameter over 4.0 cm
Excision, other benign lesion
including margins, except skin tag
(unless listed elsewhere), face,
CPT® 11440 ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mucous

Page **16** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		membrane; excised diameter 0.5	
		cm or less	
		Excision, other benign lesion	
		including margins, except skin tag	
		(unless listed elsewhere), face,	
		ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
		membrane; excised diameter 0.6	
CPT®	11441	to 1.0 cm	
Cri	11771	Excision, other benign lesion	
		including margins, except skin tag (unless listed elsewhere), face,	
		ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
		membrane; excised diameter 1.1	
CPT®	11442	to 2.0 cm	
CFI	11442		
		Excision, other benign lesion	
		including margins, except skin tag	
		(unless listed elsewhere), face,	
		ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
CDT®	44442	membrane; excised diameter 2.1	
CPT®	11443	to 3.0 cm	
		Excision, other benign lesion	
		including margins, except skin tag	
		(unless listed elsewhere), face,	
		ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
CDT®	4444	membrane; excised diameter 3.1	
CPT®	11444	to 4.0 cm	
		Excision, other benign lesion	
		including margins, except skin tag	
		(unless listed elsewhere), face,	
		ears, eyelids, nose, lips, mucous	
		membrane; excised diameter over	
CPT®	11446	4.0 cm	
		Tattooing, intradermal	
		introduction of insoluble opaque	
		pigments to correct color defects	
		of skin, including	
		micropigmentation; 6.0 sq cm or	
CPT®	11920	less	Prior Approval Required
		Tattooing, intradermal	
		introduction of insoluble opaque	
		pigments to correct color defects	
		of skin, including	
		micropigmentation; 6.1 to 20.0 sq	
CPT®	11921	cm	Prior Approval Required
		Tattooing, intradermal	
		introduction of insoluble opaque	
		pigments to correct color defects	
		of skin, including	
CPT®	11922	micropigmentation; each	Prior Approval Required

Page 17 of 25 Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		additional 20.0 sq cm, or part	
		thereof (List separately in	
		addition to code for primary	
		procedure	
		Subcutaneous injection of filling	
		material (eg, collagen); 1 cc or	
CPT®	11950	less	Prior Approval Required
		Subcutaneous injection of filling	
		material (eg, collagen); 1.1 to 5.0	
CPT®	11951	СС	Prior Approval Required
		Subcutaneous injection of filling	
CDT®	44050	material (eg, collagen); 5.1 to	Dois a Amaras al De social d
CPT®	11952	10.0 cc	Prior Approval Required
		Subcutaneous injection of filling	
CPT®	11954	material (eg, collagen); over 10.0	Brian Approval Paguirad
CFI	11754	cc Insertion of tissue expander(s) for	Prior Approval Required
		other than breast, including	
CPT®	11960	subsequent expansion	Prior Approval Required
<u> </u>	11700	Dermabrasion; total face (eg, for	o. Approvative quired
		acne scarring, fine wrinkling,	
CPT®	15780	rhytids, general keratosis)	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15781	, , , ,	Prior Approval Required
CFI	13/01	Dermabrasion; segmental, face Dermabrasion; regional, other	Filor Approvatkequired
CPT®	15782	than face	Prior Approval Required
<u> </u>	10702	Dermabrasion; superficial, any	
CPT ®	15783	site (eg, tattoo removal)	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15788	Chemical peel, facial; epidermal	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15789	Chemical peel, facial; dermal	Prior Approval Required
		Chemical peel, nonfacial;	
CPT ®	15792	epidermal	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15793	Chemical peel, nonfacial; dermal	Prior Approval Required
<u> </u>	10770	Chemical pool, nomacial, dermal	Prior Approval Required
			if not a benefit exclusion
			in members plan
CPT ®	15820	Blepharoplasty, lower eyelid;	document.
			Prior Approval Required if
		Blepharoplasty, lower eyelid;	not a benefit exclusion in
CPT®	15821	with extensive herniated fat pad	members plan document.
			Daisan Ammanas I De accione 100
			Prior Approval Required if
CPT®	15022	Planharaplasty upper evalid:	not a benefit exclusion in
CPI	15822	Blepharoplasty, upper eyelid; Blepharoplasty, upper eyelid;	members plan document.
		with excessive skin weighting	
CPT®	15823	down lid	
Cii	13023	dominud	l

Page 18 of 25 Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

			Prior Approval Required if not a benefit exclusion in
			members plan document.
CPT®	15830	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); abdomen, infraumbilical panniculectomy	Prior Approval Required if not a benefit exclusion in members plan document.
CPT®	15832	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); thigh	Prior Approval Required if not a benefit exclusion in members plan document.
CPT®	15833	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); leg	Prior Approval Required if not a benefit exclusion in members plan document.
CPT®	15834	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); hip	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15835	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); buttock	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15836	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); arm	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15837	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); forearm or hand	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15838	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); submental fat pad	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15839	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); other area	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	15847	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy), abdomen (eg, abdominoplasty)(includes umbilical transposition and fascial plication)(List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)	Prior Approval Required
Civit	13047	Destruction (eg, laser surgery, electrosurgery, cryosurgery, chemosurgery, surgical curettement), premalignant lesions (eg, actinic keratosis);	THOI Approvative quired
CPT®	17000	first lesion	
CPT®	17003	Destruction (eg, laser surgery, electrosurgery, cryosurgery,	

Page **19** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		chemosurgery, surgical curettement), premalignant	
		r curectement), prematignant	
		lesions (eg, actinic keratosis);	
		second through 14 lesions, each	
		(List separately in addition to	
		code for first lesion)	
		Destruction (eg, laser surgery,	
		electrosurgery, cryosurgery,	
		chemosurgery, surgical	
		curettement), premalignant	
		lesions (eg, actinic keratosis), 15	
CPT®	17004	or more lesions	
		Destruction of cutaneous vascular	
		proliferative lesions (eg, laser	
CPT ®	17106	technique); less than 10 sq cm	Prior Approval Required
		Destruction of cutaneous vascular	
		proliferative lesions (eg, laser	
CPT ®	17107	technique); 10.0 to 50.0 sq cm	Prior Approval Required
		Destruction of cutaneous vascular	
		proliferative lesions (eg, laser	
CPT ®	17108	technique); over 50.0 sq cm	Prior Approval Required
		Destruction (eg, laser surgery,	
		electrosurgery, cryosurgery,	
		chemosurgery, surgical	
		curettement), of benign lesions	
		other than skin tags or cutaneous	
		vascular proliferative lesions; up	
CPT®	17110	to 14 lesions	
Ci i	17110	Destruction (eg, laser surgery,	
		electrosurgery, cryosurgery,	
		chemosurgery, surgical	
		curettement), of benign lesions	
		other than skin tags or cutaneous	
		vascular proliferative lesions; 15	
CPT®	17111	or more lesions	
CFI	17111		
CDT®	17240	Cryotherapy (CO ₂ slush, liquid N2)	Drior Approval Descriped
CPT®	17340	for acne	Prior Approval Required
CDT®	47240	Chemical exfoliation for acne	Deian Ammus val Danistica I
CPT®	17360	(eg, acne paste, acid)	Prior Approval Required
		Genioplasty; augmentation	
	0.4.00	(autograft, allograft, prosthetic	
CPT®	21120	material)	Prior Approval Required
	<u></u>	Genioplasty; sliding osteotomy,	
CPT®	21121	single piece	Prior Approval Required
		2 or more osteotomies (eg, wedge	
		excision ot bone wedge reversal	
CPT®	21122	for asymmetrical chin)	Prior Approval Required
		Genioplasty; sliding osteotomies, 2 or more osteotomies (eg, wedge excision ot bone wedge reversal	

Page **20** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		Genioplasty; sliding augmentation	
		with interpositional bone grafts	
CPT®	21123	(including obtaining autografts)	Prior Approval Required
		Augmentation, mandibular body	Proceedings of the second
CPT®	21125	or angle; prosthetic material	Prior Approval Required
		Augmentation, mandibular body	
		or angle; with bone graft, onlay or	
		interpositional (includes obtaining	
CPT®	21127	autograft)	Prior Approval Required
		Reduction forehead; contouring	
CPT®	21137	only	Prior Approval Required
		Reduction forehead; contouring	
		and application of prosthetic	
		material or bone graft (includes	
CPT®	21138	obtaining autograft)	Prior Approval Required
		Reduction forehead; contouring	
CDT	24420	and setback of anterior frontal	
CPT®	21139	sinus wall	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort I;	
		single piece, segment movement	
CPT®	21141	in any direction (eg, for Long Face	Drier Approval Dequired
LP1"	Z1141	Syndrome), without bone graft Reconstruction midface, LeFort I;	Prior Approval Required
		2 pieces, segment movement in	
CPT®	21142	any direction, without bone graft	Prior Approval Required
CF 1°	∠11 4 ∠	Reconstruction midface, LeFort I;	Thor Approvative quited
		3 or more pieces, segment	
		movement in any direction,	
CPT®	21143	without bone graft	Prior Approval Required
U. 1		Reconstruction midface, LeFort I;	
		single piece, segment movement	
		in any direction, requiring bone	
		grafts (includes obtaining	
CPT®	21145	autografts)	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort I;	•
		2 pieces, segment movement in	
		any direction, requiring bone	
		grafts (includes obtaining	
		autografts (eg, ungrafted	
CPT®	21146	unilateral alveolar cleft)	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort I;	
		3 or more pieces, segment	
		movement in any direction,	
		requiring bone grafts (includes	
		obtaining autografts) (eg,	
CDT®	2444	ungrafted bilateral alveolar cleft	[a.,a.,
CPT®	21147	or multiple osteotomies)	Prior Approval Required

Page **21** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		Reconstruction midface, LeFort II;	
		anterior intrusion (eg, Treacher-	
CPT®	21150	Collins Syndrome)	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort II;	
		any direction, requiring bone	
		grafts (includes obtaining	
CPT®	21151	autografts)	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort III	
		(extracranial), any type, requiring	
		bone grafts (includes obtaining	
CPT®	21154	autografts); without LeFort I	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort III	
		(extracranial), any type, requiring	
		bone grafts (includes obtaining	
CPT®	21155	autografts); with LeFort I	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort III	
		(extra and intracranial) with	
		forehead advancement (eg, mono	
		bloc), requiring bone grafts	
CPT®	21159	(includes obtaining autografts); without LeFort I	Drier Approval Beguired
CPT	21139		Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction midface, LeFort III (extra and intracranial) with	
		forehead advancement (eg, mono	
		bloc), requiring bone grafts	
		(includes obtaining autografts);	
CPT®	21160	with LeFort I	Prior Approval Required
Ci i	21100	Osteotomy, maxilla, segmental	Thor Approvative quired
CPT®	21206	(eg, Wassmund or Schuchard)	Prior Approval Required
		Osteoplasty, facial bones;	
		augmentation (autograft,	
CPT®	21208	allograft, or prosthetic implant)	Prior Approval Required
		Osteoplasty, facial bones;	
CPT®	21209	reduction	Prior Approval Required
		Malar augmentation, prosthetic	
CPT®	21270	material	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	21282	Lateral canthopexy	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstructive repair of pectus	•
CPT®	21740	excavatum or carinatum; open	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstructive repair of pectus	
		excavatum or carinatum;	
	. . 	minimally invasive approach (Nuss	
CPT®	21742	procedure), without thoracoscopy	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstructive repair of pectus	
		excavatum or carinatum;	
CDT	24742	minimally invasive approach (Nuss	
CPT®	21743	procedure), with thoracoscopy	Prior Approval Required

Page **22** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		Excision or destruction (eg, laser), intranasal lesion; internal	
CPT®	30117	approach	
		Excision or destruction (eg, laser),	
CPT®	30118	intranasal lesion; external	
CFI	30116	approach (lateral rhinotomy) Excision or surgical planning of	
CPT®	30120	skin of nose for rhinophyma	Prior Approval Required
Ci i	30120	Rhinoplasty, primary; lateral and	Thor Approvative quired
		alar cartilages and/or elevation of	
CPT ®	30400	nasal tip	Prior Approval Required
		Rhinoplasty, primary; complete,	
		external parts including bony	
		pyramid, lateral and alar	
		cartilages, and/or elevation of	
CPT®	30410	nasal tip	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	20.420	Rhinoplasty, primary; including	Drier Approval De accionad
CPI®	30420	major septal repair	Prior Approval Required
		Rhinoplasty, secondary; minor revision (small amount of nasal tip	
CPT®	30430	work)	Prior Approval Required
Ci i	30-130	Rhinoplasty, secondary;	Thor Approvative quired
		intermediate revision (bony work	
CPT®	30435	with osteotomies)	Prior Approval Required
		Rhinoplasty, secondary; major	
		revision (nasal tip work and	
CPT®	30450	osteotomies)	Prior Approval Required
		Rhinoplasty for nasal deformity	
		secondary to congenital cleft lip	
CDT®	20460	and/or palate, including	Duis a America d
CPT®	30460	columellar lengthening; tip only	Prior Approval Required
		Rhinoplasty for nasal deformity secondary to congenital cleft lip	
		and/or palate, including	
		columellar lengthening; tip,	
CPT®	30462	septum, osteotomies	Prior Approval Required
		Septoplasty or submucous	F.F
		resection, with or without	
		cartilage scoring, contouring or	
CPT®	30520	replacement with graft	
		Septal or other intranasal	
CDT®	20422	dermatoplasty (does not include	
CPT®	30620	obtaining graft)	
CPT®	30630	Repair nasal septal perforations	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	54660	Insertion of testicular prosthesis (separate procedure)	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	55175	Scrotoplasty; simple	Prior Approval Required
<u> </u>	22173	2	s. Approvacnedaned

Page 23 of 25 Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		T	
CPT®	55180	Scrotoplasty; complicated	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	56625	Vulvectomy simple; complete	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	56805	Clitoroplasty for intersex state	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	57335	Vaginoplasty for intersex state	Prior Approval Required
		Repair for brow ptosis	
CPT®	67900	(supraciliary, mid-forehead or coronal approach)	Prior Approval Required
		Repair of blepharoptosis; frontalis	
CPT®	67901	muscle technique with suture or other material (eg, banked fascia)	Prior Approval Required
		Repair of blepharoptosis; frontalis	
		muscle technique with autologous	
CPT®	67902	fascial sling (includes obtaining fascia)	Prior Approval Required
Ci. I.	07702	Repair of blepharoptosis; (tarso)	Thor Approvative quired
		levator resection or advancement,	
CPT ®	67903	internal approach	Prior Approval Required
		Repair of blepharoptosis; (tarso)	
CDT®	(7004	levator resection or advancement,	Dutan Ammusical Descritors
CPT®	67904	external approach Repair of blepharoptosis; superior	Prior Approval Required
		rectus technique with fascial sling	
CPT®	67906	(includes obtaining fascia)	Prior Approval Required
		Repair of blepharoptosis;	1 1
		conjunctivo-tarso-Muller's muscle-	
45- 0	.=	levator resection (eg, Fasanella-	
CPT®	67908	Servat type)	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	67909	Reduction of overcorrection of ptosis	Prior Approval Required
		•	
CPT®	67911	Correction of lid retraction Otoplasty, protruding ear, with or	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	69300	without size reduction	Prior Approval Required
		Reconstruction of external	
		auditory canal (meatoplasty) (eg,	
CPT®	69310	for stenosis due to injury, infection) (separate procedure)	Prior Approval Required
C1 1	0/310	Reconstruction external auditory	Thoi Approvative quiled
		canal for congenital atresia, single	
CPT®	69320	stage	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	69399	Unlisted procedure, external ear	Prior Approval Required
		Photodynamic therapy by external	
		application of light to destroy	
		premalignant and/or malignant lesions of the skin and adjacent	
CPT®	96567	mucosa (Eg, lip) by activation of	Prior Approval Required
			FF

Page **24** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02

		photosensitive drug(s), each	
		phototherapy exposure session	
CPT®	96900	Actinotherapy (ultraviolet light)	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	96912	Photochemotherapy; psoralens and ultraviolet A (PUVA)	Prior Approval Required
		Laser treatment for inflammatory	
CPT®	96920	skin disease (psoriasis); total area less than 250 sq cm)	Prior Approval Required
CFT	70720	Laser treatment for inflammatory	Frioi Appiovativequileu
		skin disease (psoriasis); 250 sq cm	
CPT ®	96921	to 500 sq cm)	Prior Approval Required
		Laser treatment for inflammatory	
		skin disease (psoriasis); over 500	
CPT®	96922	sq cm	Prior Approval Required
CPT®	04000	Unlisted special dermatological	Deion Ammercal Document
CPT®	96999	service or procedure Ultraviolet light therapy system,	Prior Approval Required
		includes bulbs/lamps, timer and	Prior Approval not
		eye protection; treatment area 2	required if purchase price
HCPCS	E0691	square feet or less	is under \$500.00
		Ultraviolet light therapy system	
		panel, includes bulbs/lamps,	Prior Approval not
HCDCC	F0/02	timer and eye protection, 4 foot	required if purchase price
HCPCS	E0692	panel	is under \$500.00
		Ultraviolet light therapy system panel, includes bulbs/lamps,	Prior Approval not
		timer and eye protection, 6 foot	required if purchase price
HCPCS	E0693	panel	is under \$500.00
		Ultraviolet multidirectional light	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		therapy system in 6 foot cabinet,	Prior Approval not
		includes bulbs/lamps, timer and	required if purchase price
HCPCS	E0694	eye protection	is under \$500.00
		Aminolevulinic acid HCL for	
HCPCS	J7308	topical administration, 20%, single unit dosage form (354 mg)	
1101 03	37300	Prescription drug, oral,	
HCPCS	J8999	chemotherapeutic, NOS	
The following codes will be denied as a benefit exclusion			
CDT	45074	Suction assisted lipectomy; head	
CPT®	15876	and neck	
CPT®	15877	Suction assisted lipectomy; trunk	
CDT®	45070	Suction assisted lipectomy; upper	
CPT®	15878	extremity Suction assisted linestemy: lower	
CPT®	15879	Suction assisted lipectomy; lower extremity	
<u> </u>	13077	CACIONICY	

Page **25** of **25** Medical Policy Number: UM.SURG.02